VOL. XXX.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX OR

TURNER'S TIC DOULOUREUX OR

UNIVERSAL NEURALGIA PILL.

UNIVERSAL NEURALGIA PILL.

SAFE, CERTAIN, AND SPEEDY CURE FOR NEURAL

GIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

It is an unfailing remedy in all cases of Facis

Neuralgia, often effecting a perfect cure in a sin-

Chronic Neuralgia and general Nervous Derange.

ments of many years' standing, affecting the entire

system, are completely and permanently cured by

t in a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost. It

contains nothing injurious to the most delicate sys

tem, and can always be used with perfect safety

It is in constant use by the best physicians, who

give it their unanimous and unqualified approval

Sent by mail on receipt of \$1 and two postage

oc21-eo3m 120 Tremont street, Boston, Mass.

CHALL'S VEGETABLE

SICILIAN HAIR BENEWER

Restore Gray Hair to its Original Color,

has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the Hair ever offered to the public to

and create a new growth where it has fallen of from disease or natural decay.

It will prevent the Hair from falling out.

All who use it are unanimous in awarding it the praise of being the best Hair Dressing extant.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

NEW MARRIAGE GUIDE,
AN ESSAY FOR YOUNG MEN, on Physiological Errors, Abuses, and Diseases incident to Youth and Early Manhood, which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in scaled envelopes, free of charge, Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association Philadelphia, Pa.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

BUNNING WEST FROM OMAHA

LOST ASD FOURS.

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

ARE NOW COMPLETED.

This brings the line to the eastern base of th

Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the track

will be laid thirty miles further, to Evans' Pass-

the highest point on the road, by January. The

maximum grade from the foot of the mountains to

the summit is but eight feet to the mile, while that

of many eastern roads is over one hundred. Work

in the rock-cuttings on the western slope will con-

tinue through the winter, and there is now no rea

son to doubt that the entire grand line to the Pa-

The means provided for the construction of this

Great National Work are ample. The United

States grants its Six Per Cent. Bonds at the rate

of from \$16,000 to \$48,000 per mile, for which it

takes a second LIEN as security, and receives

payment to a large if not to the full extent of its

claim in services. These bonds are issued as each

twenty-mile section is finished, and after it has

been examined by United States Commissioner,

and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class

road, thoroughly supplied with depots, repair-

shops, stations, and all the necessary rolling-stock

The United States also makes a donation of

12.800 acres of land to the mile, which will be a

source of large revenue to the Company. Much of

this land in the Platte Valley is among the most

fertile in the world, and other large portions are

covered with heavy pine forests, and abound in coal

The Company is also authorized to issue its own

First Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the

issue of the Government, and no more. Hon. E.

D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees

for the Bondholders, and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, so that

they always represent an actual and productive

The authorized capital of the Company is One

Hundred Million Dollars, of which over five

millions have been paid in upon the work already

EARNINGS OF THE COMPANY.

At present the profits of the Company are de

rived only from its local traffic, but this is already

much more than sufficient to pay the interest on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not an-

other mile were built. It is not doubted that

when the road is completed the through traffic

of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pa-

cific States will be large beyond precedent; and.

as there will be no competition, it can always be

It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Rail-

oad is, in fact, a GOVERNMENT WORK, built un.

der the supervision of Government officers, and to

a large extent with Government money, and that

its bonds are issued under Government direction.

It is believed that no similar security is so care-

fully guarded, and certainly no other is based

FIRST MORTAGE BONDS

or over NINE PER CENT. upon the investment.

Subscriptions will be received in Washington

(H. D. COOKE, President; WM. S. HUNTING

and in New York at the Company's Office,

No. 20 Nassau street, and by

and by the Company's advertised Agents through-

out the United States. Remittances should be

made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP, showing the pro-

gress of the work, resources for construction, and

value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Office or of its advertised Agents, or will be sent

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.

free on application.

NOVEMBER 23, 1867.

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK.

CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers,

JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers,

352 Pennsylvania avenue;

No. 7 Nassau street;

No. 31 Wall street;

No. 33 Wall street;

del2-D.eo2w&W2t

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

TON, Cashier;)

RITTENHOUSE, FOWLER & CO..

upon a larger or more valuable property. As the

done at profitable rates.

cific will be open for business in 1870.

and other equipments.

of the best quality.

done.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
R. P. HALL & CO.,
Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
oc 21-eo2m

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,

stamps. Sold everywhere.

For sale by all druggists.

MILES

LEGAL NOTICES.

day - One Dollar and a Half a Year.

THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLEMBIA. HOLDING A DISTRICT, COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SAID DISTRICT.

To all whom it may concern streeting:
Notice is hereby given, That the steaming Teazer was captured by vessels of the United States
belonging to the Mississippi squadron, under command of Rear Admiral C. H. Davis, and the same was libelled and prosecuted in this court, in the name of the United States, for the reasons in the libel stated; and that said cause will stand for trial at the City Hall, in the city of Washington, on the first Monday of January next, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interests.

E. J. MEIGS, Clerk. del4 2awt4 THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, HOLDING A DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SAID DISTRICT.

To all whom it may concern, treating:
Notice is hereby given, that the steamer Gen.
Bragg was captured by vessels of the United States
belonging to the Mississippi Squadron, under
command of Bear Admiral C. H. Davis, and the
same was libelled and prosecuted in this court, in
the name of the United States, for the reasons in the libel stated, and that said cause will stand for trial at the City Hall, in the City of Washington, on the first Monday of January next, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interests R. J. MEIGS, Clerk. de 14-2awtd

December 4th, 1867. THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, HOLDING A DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE SAID DISTRICT. To all schom it may concern, greeting: Notice is hereby given, that the steamer Gov. A

Monton was captured by vessels of the United States belonging to the Mississippi squadron, un-der command of Rear Admiral C. H. Davis, and der command of Rear Admiral C. H. Davis, and the same was libelled and prosecuted in this court, in the name of the United States, for the reasons in the libel stated; and that said cause will stand for trial at the City Hall, in the city of Washington, on the first Monday of January next, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interests.

B. J. MEIGS, Clerk.

Dec. 4th. 1867.

de 14-2awtd THE SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. HOLDING A DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SAID DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given, that the Steamer Gen. Sumter was captured by vessels of the United States belonging to the Mississippi Squadron, under command of Rear Admiral C. H. Davis, and the same was libelled and prosecuted in this court, in the name of the United States for the reasons in the libel stated; and that said cause will stand for trial at the City Hall, in the city of Washington, on the first Monday of January next, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show where all persons are warned to appear to shore cause why condemnation should not be decreed and to intervene for their interests.

R. J. MEIGS, Clerk December 4th, 1867.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That on the 13th day of December. A. D., 1867, a warrant in bank-rupley was issued against the estate of JACOB PEYSER, of the City of Washington, of said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payments of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the trans-fer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bank-rupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Conrt of Bankruptcy to be holden at the City Hall, in the City of Washington, before J. Sayles Brown, Register, on the 3d day of January, A. D., 1868, at 19 o clock, a. m. DAVID S. GOODING, O'clock, a. m. DAVID S. GOODING, U. S. Marshal, D. C., as Messenger, December 13, 1867.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.-Dr. M. LOOMIS, at No. 338
Penna. avenue. attends to all branches pertaining to the dental profession.
Cleft Palates and Malformations of the mouth remedied with the skill of long expensions.)R. MERRILL, DENTIST.

No. 310 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, bet. 9th and 10th sts. All operations performed pertaining to the ART OF DENTAL SURGERY. oc 2-6m

DE. LEWIE & DAVIS' DENTAL ASSOCIA Between 12th and 13th streets. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

No charge will be made for extracting where Armo charge will be made for extracting where Artificial Teeth are inserted, although the patient will be required to pay for the surgical operation when performed, which will be deducted when the Teeth are made. The Association is now prepared to make Teeth on Gold, Silver and Rubber at New York, Philadelphia and Boston prices. All persons wishing dental work done can have it as cheap as in the above-named cities. All work will be done in the neatest and best manner and wavented to give entire and best manner, and warranted to give entire satisfaction. Persons will do well to call and ex-amine our work before getting it elsewhere. jy 18

WOOD AND COAL.

TOAL AND WOOD ADVANCE IN PRICES IN CONSEQUENCE OF FREIGHTS AND TOLLS HAVING AD-VANCED.

led Ash Lyken's Valley, (soft Red Ash)
Baltimore Company, (superior White Ash)....
Chestnut Summer Cooking Coal.
Cumberland Run of Mine. pared to furnish it in any quantity.

465 Ninth street, between E and F.

Branch office at our yard and wharves at foot of no 2

Seventh street.

PAWNBROKERS.

ICENSED PAWN-BROKER.-B. BURN-STINE: 475 13th street, three doors south of Penssylvania avenue, makes liberal advances on Gold and Silver Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Pistols, Mechanical Tools, Ladies and Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel of all descriptions.

N. B.-Old Gold and Silver bought. Business

ESTABLISHED 1852.
HERZBERG'S LOAN OFFICE, 351 north C street, between 4½ and 6th streets, Immediately in rear of National Hotel. Advances made in all sums on merchandize at the most reasonable rates, and for any length of time.

THE OLD ESTABLISHED FIRM OF S. GOLDSTEIN & CO., LICENSED PAWNBROKERS, 34 FOUR-AND-A-HALF STREET WEST, near Pennsylvania avenue,

Offer the highest cash advances on all kinds of Merchandise, to any amount and for any time desired at reasonable rates.

Interest on large sums greatly reduced.

Business strictly confidential.

Goods bought for cash and sold at private sale.

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,

WASHINGTON. December 7, 1867.

On the petition of ELLSWORTH D. S. GOODYEAR, of North Haven, Connecticut, praying for
the extension of a patent granted to him the 28th
day of March. 1854, for an improvement in Process
of Treating India Rubber, for seven years from the
expiration of said patent, which takes place on
the 28th day, of March. 1868:

It is ordered, that the said petition be heard at the
Patent Office on Monday, the 9th day of March. It is ordered, that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday, the 9th day of March next, at 12 o'clock M.; and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least tocaty days before the day of hearing, all testimony filed by either party to be used at the said hearing must be taken and day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party
to be used at the said hearing must be taken and
transmitted in accordance with the rules of the
office, which will be furnished on application.

Depositions and other papers relied upon as testi
mony must be filed in the office treaty days before
the day of hearing; the arguments, if any, within
ten days after filing the testimony.

Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the
Republican and the Intelligencer, Washington, D.
C. and in the Register, New Haven, Conn. once a

C., and in the Register, New Haven, Conn., once a week for three successive weeks; the first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.

T. C. THEAKER,

de 13-w3w

Commissioner of Patents. CANCY ARTICLES IN THE WAY OF CABINET FURNITURE FOR THE HOLIDAYS. Such as Marble-top and other Sideboards in great

Such as Marble-top and other Sideboards in great variety.

Parlor Suites, in brocatelle, plush, rep., and bair-clot u.

Chamber Suites, i. endless variety.

Marble-top Center Tables, Work Tables.

Shaving Stands, Children's Fancy Bureaus and Tables.

Oriental Chairs, in stripe and plain tersy.

Misses' and Children's Fancy Chairs and Rockers, And in fact every variety of Furniture to be found in a first-class Furniture Store.

Gall early and supply yourselves.

JOHN Q. WILSON,

de 12-co2w Southeast corner 9th and D sts. BRIDAL AND FUMERAL WRATHS, MOU-BOUETS, GROSSES, ANGHORS, AND STARS, proserved in paternal form. How and the Beautiful Ornamental Hair Work on glass or pearl. All kinds of Eaty Bracking Concess Fire FRANK, 200 Mb spreet, pot. I and A 17 16-tm

Bulling

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1867.

THE EVENING STAR

WASHINGTON NEWS AND GOSSIP. Society, etc. - Secretary McCulloch gave a dinner yesterday to about twenty distinguished gnests,-all gentlemen. The party included a fair proportion of foreign representatives, legislators, etc., and may, we presume, be reg day. No form of Nervous Disease fails to yield garded as inangurating that class of entertainto its magic influence. Even the severest cases of ments by our higher officials, to be continued

> throughout the season. -Lord Lyons had a brilliant presentation to the French Emperor on the 9th ult.,-ail the forms and ceremonies incident to such occasions being complied with. The official family of Lord L. new numbers eight. -Mrs. Stewe indignantly denies the report

hat she is to edit a newspaper soon to be commenced in Boston, to advocate woman's rights. Gurney, the photographer of New York is the only artist who has succeeded in capturing Dickens for his picture, and it is understood that he will not sit to any other in this country.

-Miss Schaumberg, of whom the Phila. delphians are about as proud of as they are of George H. Boker, was said by the Prince of Wales to be the most beautiful woman he had seen in America.

-It is said that the bust of Lincoln, made by Mrs. Ames for the State House at Boston, at a cost of \$2,500, is anything but satisfactory -being considered neither a creditable work of art nor a good likeness of the original. This fact will cause the result of a late appropriation of \$10,000 by Congress for a similar object to be looked forward to with some interest.

THE VACANT COMMISSIONERSHIP .- The oface of Commissioner of Patents, just made vacant by the resignation of Hon. T. C. Theaker, is being sought after by a number of persons, but as yet no one has been selected for the position. Secretary Browning will name a candidate, and his recommendation will of course have no little weight with the President: but the outside pressure brought to bear upon the Executive, arging the appointment of various parties, is very beavy. The names mentioned for the Commissionership are Hon. Alfred B. Ely, of Mass; Ex-Gov. Thomas H. Ford, of Ohio; Hon. J. M. Hubbell, of Ohio Judge B. F. James, of III.; Col. John C. Cox' chief clerk Interior Department, and severa others of less note. It is believed that the Sec. retary of the Interior will send to the Presiden either the name of Judge James or Col. Cox. Judge James is now a principal examiner in the complete reorganization of the Department the Patent Office, and is a lawyer of ability, with a large knowledge of machinery and mechanism. His appointment is being strongly urged by many inventers and promisent men having business with the Patent Office. Colonel Cox is well known as the able Chief Clerk of the Interior Department, and his claims are strongly backed. Friends of other parties are working strenuously at the White House, as the office is a very snug one, (\$4,500 per annum.) The resignation of Mr. Theaker takes effect on the 15th of January.

THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS will not be held until next week, and probably not until after the holidays. The main subject to be discussed is the when, where, and what of the Democratic Presidential Convention. It seems probable that the convention will be held at Baltimore soon after the Republican Convendon is held at Chicago. Another point to be discussed in caucus is as to the financial policy to be pursued by that party in Congress, and whether they shall meddle actively, or pursue a masterly inactivity, and as a leading Demo. cratic politician expresses it, "let the opposition hang themselves with their own rope."

INCREASE OF EXPORTS.-The Director of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the domestic exports of the United States for the quarter closed October 13, were in value over 90 millions. For the corresponding period in 1866 they were 78 millions. Increase over same period last year 12 millions.

SOLDIERS' NATIONAL CONVENTION .- A conference of soldiers and sailors representing the various States of the Union will be held in this city on Monday next, to take into consideration the propriety of calling a national convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President of the United States. This movement originates with the Soldiers and Sailors' Union of this city, who called the Pittsburg convention

THE WHITE HOUSE -The crowd of visitors at the Executive Mansion to-day was very large, and nearly all were admitted to see the President. Among those who called this morn. ing were Generals Sherman, Meade and Harney, Senators Dixon and Doolittle, Representatives Spaulding, Robinson and others.

OLIVE LOGAN'S Christmas Story, "Some body's Stocking," published by the American News Company, is a good one, yea, a very

REORGANIZATION OF THE PATENT OFFICE .-A bill will soon be introduced, it is said, reorganizing the Patent Office, abolishing the office of Commissioner, and investing the power confided in him in a board of commissioners to be appointed by the President, similar to the method prevailing in France and England. From this board of commissioners there is to be no appeal, except to the Supreme Court of the United States.

THE DIRECTOR OF THE BUREAU OF STA-TISTICS reports that a complete list of the merchant vessels of the United States has been prepared under his supervision, and is now press. Each vessel is numbered in arithmetical succession, and her rig, name, tonnage, horse power, (if steamer,) and home port shown.

THE EMPLOYMENT QUESTION .- Editor Star In your paper of Wednesday evening I notice the announcement of the intended dismissal of female clerks from the United States Treasury Department, and knowing you to be in favor of right, I beg of you, through the columns of your esteemed paper, to call the attention of manity of retaining in employment those single persons or widows who have helpless relatives depending on them for support. In one of the Bureaus lately single girls and widows so situated were sent off and married women with husbands in good employment were kept on, simply because influential friends from their States interceded for them. This, Mr. Editor, is not justice, particularly when it can be proved that those dismissed were good and competent clerks: and I hope the press will call attention to the proper authority to remedy the matter. By giving this letter a place in your celumns, you will oblige an employee.

INDIAN APPAIRS -Charles E. Mix, Esq. Acting Commissioner of Indian Affairs, has received from Col. H. B. Denman, Superintendent of Indian Affairs at Omaha, Nebraska the report of Chas. H. Whaley, Indian Agent for the Pawnee tribe, dated Genoe, Nebraska, Sept. 30. He states the season has been quite wet, which has retarded haying operations, but a sufficient quantity has been put up to serve through the winter and spring. The Indians had returned from their summer hunt, and had been very successful, bringing home all the dried buffalo meat their ponies could carry. They had no encounter with the Sioux. Indians, and no trouble with the white people. On their return they found an abundant crop of corn ready for gathering. These things gave them much satisfaction. The school is in a flourishing condition, and the children were

DISPOSAL OF PUBLIC LAND -Commissioner Wilson of the General Land Office, is in receipt of returns showing a disposal of 15,166 acres of the public lands during the month of Novem-last at the local office at La Crosse, Wisconsin. The greater portion of the land was taken for actual settlement and cultivation, under the homestead law, she the remainder set for cash, and located with multiary warrants.

flourishing condition, and the children were

improving.

TWENTY PER CENT.-We regret that the New York Tribune should so persistently oppose the twenty per cent increase of the salaries of the Government clerks in this city. The last article on the subject in that paper, in which the editor advises them, if they cannot live here, to emigrate to Kansas or Nebraska, is an unfortunate one for the opponents of "20 per cent.," because the assertions that Washington is not a nice place to live in, and that "the rents are high, the food is bad the dust is disgusting. the mud is very deep, and the morals are deplorable," would, if they were true, be the strongest possible arguments why those so unfortunate as to be compelled to live and labor here should be well paid for their work. The proper and prompt administration of the affairs of the Government requires the services in this city of a great number of intelligent employees. These duties must be performed by some one, and if all who are competent go to farming, what will become of the public business! We are told that if the clerks are dissatisfied with their pay they can leave, as there are others who will take the places for the pay. No doubt. So there are plenty of needy men who would undertake to make a watch or run an engine for good pay, who know nothing of the construction of either. There are now in the Departments here, many gentlemen and ladies of great intellectual ability occupying responsible positions, whose services save the Government thousands of dollars annually, and whose salaries are totally inadequate. They cannot save a cent, and advising them to go west to till the soil, is very much like the advice of another New York paper to starving laborers in that city, to buy small farms and raise vegetables for the city markets.

REORGANIZATION OF THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT .- The new Commissioner of Ag. riculture, Col. Capron, up to this date dismissed twenty male and twenty-seven female employees of the Department, being the whole number of females employed therein. The seed on F st. room has been closed up, and the building will be vacated on the 1st of January. The distribution of seed will be discontinued until the reorganization of the Department, so soon as the lot on hand is disposed of. The Commissioner has been instructed by the House Committee on Agriculture to curtail the expenses of the Department, and some thirty or forty more persons will be dismissed at an early day. Representative Trowbridge and the Commissioner have been appointed by the House Committee to prepare a bill looking to and to place it in the position required by the act organizing the same. The Committee and Commissioner will stop the wholesale distribution of common seed and have the Department devoted to the promotion of the Agricultural interests of the country by distributing rare and valuable seeds, plants, &c.

CONFIRMATIONS BY THE SENATE .- The Sen. ate, in executive session, yesterday confirmed the following nominations - Captain Theodore P. Greene, to be Commodore in the navy, on the active list. Commander Egbert Thompson, to be Captain. Lieut. Commander Francis H. Baker, to be Commander. Lieut. Commander Austin Pendergrast, to be Commander. Assistant Surgeon A. A. Hochiin, to be Surgeon; and William S. Bowen, of Rhode Island, Adam Frank, of Pennsylvania, and Alfred Griffith, of Maryland, to be Assistant Surgeons in the Navy. First Lieutenant William J. Squires, to be Captain in the Marine Corps. lerael H. Washburne, to be First Lien. tenant in the Marine Corps. Wm. J. Chand-jer, to be Collector of Internal Revenue for the Fifth District of Missouri.

THE INDIAN OFFICE -It is reported that & majority of the members of the Indian Peace Commissioners will recommend to Congress, bat the Indian Bureau shall not be turned over to the War Department, but be made a separate Bureau, detached from any of the De_ partments, and be governed by a Commissioner to be appointed by the President.

PERSONAL .- Senator Morton's health is improving, and he will soon be able to come to this city.Gen. Joseph C. Abbott, of N. C. H. H. Day, of New York; and P. C. Tucker of Texas, are at the National.

MAIL CONTRACT .- The Postmaster General has awarded the contract for carrying the mail from Alexandria to Shreveport, La., 198 miles, three times a week and return, to John Jamerson, of Lake Charles; the contract to commence April 1, 1868, and continue until

MANUPACTURERS .- The Director of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the manufacturing returns are being rapidly received and compiled. Several thousand manufacturers have been heard from.

WE HEAR THAT Mrs. Gen. Banks and Mrs. Horace Greeley are among the new contributors Bonner has secured for the Ladger.

THE SUB-COMMITTEE of the Joint Commit. tee on Ordnance met again this morning, and continued their investigation of the alleged frauds connected with the Amsterdam pro. jectile. The committee adjourned until Thursday next for the purpose of obtaining further testimony and important papers relating to the case. It is alleged that a regular "ring" was formed here during the war for the purpose of controlling the action of the Government in purchasing projectiles.

FLOUR CONTRACTS .- Major G. Bell, Commissary of Subsistence, Department of Wash. ington, this morning opened bids and awarded contracts for furnishing flour, as follows: Wm. M. Galt-200 bbls. No. 1, at \$12; 23; 300 obls. do., at \$12 60; 166 bbls. do., at \$13.00; 200 bbls. No. 2, at \$11 75.

D. L. Shoemaker-278 bbls No. 1, at \$13. Harryman, Nipe & Co.-56 bbls No. 1, a 13: 100 No. 2, at \$11.85. Benjamin Darby-250 bbls No. 2. at \$11.75:

EDITOR STAR:- 1 have noticed an announcement in the STAR and other city papers, to the effect that the new Commissioner of Agricul. ture, on the score of reform and retrenchment in that department, will dismiss nearly all those employed in the "seed room," which is an adjunct of the department. Besides, we are told the Secretary of the Treasury, on the same grounds, proposes to do likewise. Now, Mr. Editor, this announcement may fall on some ears as of no sort of consequence, or as worthy of the officials who seek to thus lessen the of the officials who seek to thus lessen the great burthen of our expenditures; but, sir, this I believe is all wrong, and especially is it unjust and terribly severe upon that class of persons who have and are rendering efficient and faithful services; and now, at this inclement season of the year, to be "discharged" and thrown in absolute destitution upon the world the control of the year, the season of the year, to be "discharged" and thrown in absolute destitution upon the world is terribly hard and undeserved, and, what is more, unnecessary. Is there any power, any voice potent enough to reach and influence these officials to stay their hands? Mr. STAR, will you hear us. and plead for the widows and orphans. God help them, if this thing is Yours, in behalf of the worthy and deserving,

Dec. 13th, 1867. UNITED STATES SENATOR PROM MARYLAND. The Princess Anne True Marylander of last week has an article on the Senatorial contest in Maryland, which, after disposing of Gov. Swann and ex-Gov. Pratt, (one of whom it thinks will be elected.) comes out in favor of the Hon. Benjamin G. Harris, of St. Mary's ccunty, as the proper person to be chosen. There are many persons who profess to believe that the Hon. W.T. Hamilton, of Washir gton county, will defeat Swann and all other competitors.-Balt. American.

UTILIZING SEWAGE,-At Sanden, Isle of Whight, the sawage is conveyed in pipes clear of the town into cesspits, where it is filtered and deodorized by a chemical process. The clear portion finds its way into the sea miles away from the town, and the solid residue is mixed with ashes and road sweepings, and forms good manure.

Compusation in Costums—The Roston
Post admits that the new style of hosp skirt
den't gave the ladies as much from as the old
pattern; but then it gives everybody else a
good deal more room.

nador Mobilt Mouse

TELEGRAMS TO THE STAR.

FROM EUROPE. Fenian Affairs—The Blowing Up of Clerk-enwell Prison—Damage and Doss of Life —The Arrest of the Fenian Col. Burke. [Special Despatch to the Star.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 14 .- Cable dispatches received here say, in reference to the blowing up of Clerkenwell prison at London, that the ail wall was blown down to a considerable extent, several of the opposite houses shat-tered, four persons killed, and about forty wounded. None of the prisoners escaped, as they had been locked up just immediately be-fore the explosion took place. The city of London was greatly excited. Stringent measpres are to be taken against Feniamism. An outbreak is anticipated in Liverpool. The

police are inadequate to the crisis.

The Colonel Burks (whose rescue was attempted—is not the man lately sentenced to death in Ireland and transferred to England after commutation of his sentence) is more than suspected of being a very active Fenian officer or agent. He is at present charged with having taken a prominent part both in organ-izing and directing the Manchester riot move-ment during which policeman Brett was shot. Indeed it is alteged that Burke had charge o the arms, and served them out to Allen, Larkin, Gould, and the others, just before the tumult commenced.

[By Associated Press.]

LONDON, Dec. 14.—The police this morning report three killed and forty badly injured by the explosion at Clerken well yesterday.

The excitement in the city last evening was

very great. Nearly all the morning journals to-day have editorial asticles on the subject of the explo-sion. The entire press seems to be of the opin-ion that the time for lenity towards the Fepians has passed.

The Times is particularly decided in its re-marks, and closes a lengthy article with the following words: "Let there be no more clemency for Fenianism, which is a mixture of reason and assassination. Rumors are current that Col. Kelley, the Fenian prisoner who was rescued at Manchester, is in England notwithstanding the stories to the contrary, and that he is still directing the movements of the Fentan Brother.

There are those who openly assert that the explosion at Clerken well was the result of one of the schemes of Kelly.

FROM EUROPE TO-DAY. By Cable to the Associated Press.] LONDON, Dec. 14-Noon.-Consols. 92%; U. LIVERPOOL, Dec. 14—Noon.—Cotton easier and declined %d; sales to-day will not excee 000 bales; Orleans, 7%d.; Uplands, 7%d Breadstuffs quiet.

London, Dec. 14-2 p. m.—American securities are flat; U. S. 5-20's, 71%; Illinois Central, 90; others unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 14-2 p. m.-Cotton more doing; sales will reach 10.000 bales; Uplands, 7 4d., to arrive. Breadstuffs firmer.

Lynch Law in Missouri. St. Louis, Dec. 13.—Joseph Marshall, the negro who was arrested here on Wednesday on suspicion of being one of the murderers the German farmer killed at Kindersswitch on the Chicago Railroad, five or six miles above here, on Sunday last, was taken from the custody of Constable Bryne in Venice, a little town about three miles north of here, on the oppoile side of the river, asout 9 o'clock las night by a mob of Germans, and hung to tree. Marshall acknowledged being prese when the murder was committed, but charged the act upon his companion, Anderson Reed who is still at large.

Suspension of the Pork-packing Business. [Special Despatch to the Star.] LOUISVILLE, Dec. 13-9 o'clock p. m .- Pork packers here have virtually closed business for the season, on account of the stringency in the money market, outside combination against them, and the exherbitant prices demanded by feeders.

Bursting of a Reservoir-Radroad Dam aged. WORCESTOR, Mass., Dec .- A large reservoir gave way last night, washing away one hundred feet or more of the Boston, Hartford and Erie railroad track and the embankment. It was discovered by a man who was roused from sleep by his house floating down the s'ream. He managed to save himself and family, and awakened the neighborhood

venting a serious accident. The Great Storm.

fortunately before the train arrived, thus pre-

[Special Dispatch to the Star.] NEW YORK, Dec. 14 .- The late storm swep with great fury all along the Atlantic coast, and its results are more disastrous than have been reported. The steamship Atlantic, from Southampton, had a fearful voyage, nearly all her upper cabin being crushed, and her main saloons flooded by the heavy seas.

Destructive Fire in New York. NEW YORK, Dec. 14 .- A fire occurred this morning at 49 Dey street, occupied by Thomas Wilson, cigar merchant; C. H. Dennison & Co., cigar makers: Robinson & Co., importers of boots; and Foster & Co., dealers in furniture. The total loss is \$100,000. Mr. Dennison, who slept on the premises, has been arrested, and will be held pending the investigation by the fire marshal.

Coldest Weather Yet. BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Dec. 14.—At seven o'clock this morning, the thermometer stood 24 degrees below zero, and at nine o'clock 18 Three days mails from the South arrived to-

Hoffman's Official Majority in New York City. [Special Dispatch to the Star.] NEW YORK, Dec. 14 .- The official majority

of Hoffman is 21,725. Store Robbery in Boston. Boston, Dec. 14 .- The store of Grinnel Emmes was robbed on Thursday night of ten

thousand dollars worth of turs. New York Market. NEW YORK, Dec. 14 .- Flour dull and droop

ing. Wheat quiet and without decided change. Corn a shade firmer. Pork duil: Mess \$21.37 Lard quiet at 12% al3% cents. Barley scare and firm. Cotton quiet at 15 % a15% cents fer Middling Uplands. Freights dull. Spirits Turpentine a shade firmer. Rosin steady at 82.75a\$2.81% for common strained.

DARING ATTEMPT TO RELEASE THE FENIAN

COLONEL BURKE-The Prison Walls Blown Down with Powder-Twenty-five Persons Sup-posed to have been Killed by the Explosion-Ar-rests made.—Cable dispatches from London to-day to release the recently arrested Fenian Colonel Burke, who is confined in Clerkenwell prison. Powder was placed beneath one of the prison walls, and was exploded, it is supposed, by one of Burke's confederates. The whole side of the wall was blown out. The force of the explosion was so great that the adjoining buildings were destroyed. Many persons were injured, and it is feared some lives were lost. The explosion had very serious consequences, but was not successful in facilitating the rescue of Burke. The prisoner was confined in an interior cell, and could not escape by the breach in the wall. He has been removed to a piace of greater security. The ex-plosion was tremendous in its effect. The prison walls and neighboring buildings are a mass of ruins. Some lives must have been lost. It is wildly rumored that as many as 20 persons have been killed, and that some bodies are buried in the ruins. During the morning are buried in the ruins. During the morning repairs had been commenced on the walls. Later in the day some unknown men were seen to roll a barrel, which doubtless contained powder, under the place where the repairs were being made. Shortly afterward the explosion took place. Two men and a woman were found in the vicinity, and have been arrested on auspicion. The excitement is so great that it is impossible to obtain any correct account of the casualties.

INTERESTING TO "BOOTBLACKS."-As Au gueta (Maine) gentleman has recently invested a machine for dressing and blacking boots, which is operated by foot power. It is stated that this machine can do the work of ten men, and will save much labor in boot and shoe factories. Attached to it are an emery when and grindstone.

TER PERIADS constantly alarm the English people. The lagest mail reports that in London a number of policemen have been pour octaide the private residence of the EAPL of liceby, Mr. Disraell, and Mr. Money, of the Government, as protective memoures against Penians.

lake place on 24th Pecomper, sustant, P

CONGRESSIONAL.

Nº. 4.607.

SENATE.—Yesterday afternoon—Mr. Corbett read a lengthy speech in opposition to the bill introduced by Mr. Edmunds to raise the value of legal-tender notes to par, and closed by moving to refer it to the Committee on Finance, together with the bill heretofore introduced by him to provide for the issue of gold notes to take the place of legal-tenders, and to facilitate the resumption of specie payments.

The motion was agreed to. The Senate then went into executive session. and soon afterwards adjourned till Monday. House.—Yesterday afternoon, after our re-port closed, the House being in Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union— Mr. Woodward concluded his speech, and the committee was further addressed by

Mr. Ela in condemnation of the President course, and by Mr. Kerr in advocacy of an extension of the judiciary system of the United States, rendered necessary by recent decisions and by the growth of admirally cases, and particularly in favor of the establishment of another term of the United States courts at New Albany. Ind., for which he had already introduced bill, that has been referred to the Judiciary

The committee rose, and the House at quar-ter past five adjourned till Monday.

Committee.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE STAR Permit the undersigned, for the benefit of such of your readers as may not be informed of the present attitude of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, to make an explanatery remark or two with respect to the fol-lowing announcement contained in the STAR

of Saturday evening last:
"The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States adjourned at Nashville yesterday, to meet in Baltimore on the third Sunday in May next. The action of the assembly a year ago in excluding colored peo-ple from the ministry has been rescinded, and all persons having the requisite recommenda-

"The General Assembly," the highest court of the Presbyterian Church, here reterred to, is not "the General Assembly" proper of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America, but merely that portion of the church which identified itself with the Southern Oonfederacy. All the discordant elements of Pres-byterianism in the South, embracing New School and Old School, were concentrated and barmonized during that fearful struggle through which we have recently passed, and which, in the retrospect, appears more like a horrid dream than a dreadful reality. The Nashville Assembly differs from the Old School and New School Assemblies both with respect to the cause and the manner of dismemberment. The former was chiefly, if not exclusively, on political grounds; the latter on theological opinions and ecclesiastical polity. The one was voluntary, the other the result of legislation. Without meaning to express any opinion on the various subjects involved, it of history, that the Old School General Assembly has been recognized, by the judicial tribu-nals of the country, as the true and legitimate General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America. These several Assemblies still cling to the same venerable cog-nomen, and are unwilling to be called by any other name, while at the same time they all adopt the same symbols of religious belief as the bi-ais and expositors of their theological opinions. The causes, real or imaginary, by which we have been dismembered, are, thanks to great Peacemaker in Heaven, rapidly passing away like the shadows of the night before the

"Sure I must fight

orient beams, and we hope, ere long, to see our ecclesiastical warriors. whose life long motto

If I would reign.' frow weary of their ponderous armor, while they retire amidst many "good rights" to enjoy a temporary respite, and repose amidst the olive groves of peace. With respect to the particular question, referred to in the above notice of the action of the Nashville Assembly, it may be simply remarked, that accord ing to the recollection of the undersigned, it has never been raised in the General Assembly either before or since the division. We have always licensed and ordained all colored men who have possessed the religious qualifica-tions for the acceptable and successful dis-charge of the duties of the ministry. This has been also the uniform custom of the New School Assembly since the separation. The uestion referred to is of Southern origin, and has been, in our opinion, wisely disposed of by the rescinding act of the recent Nashville SEPTINUS TUSTIN.

Senior Member of the Presbytery of Potomac. "The Snuggery," Dec. 2, 1867.

MURDER AND ARREST IN ACCONAC COUNTY. A party of disreputable and lawless characters living in the vicinity of Pitt's Neck, in Accomac county, Virginia, calling themselves "John Brown's men," dressed in some kind of rough uniform, and pretending to be United States soldiers. have been visiting negro cabins for some time past, taking guns, watches, &c... and otherwise maltreating the negroes. Some time in the week before last they visited the house of a peaceable and industrious colored man living on Mrs. Dennis's property, near Pitt's wharf, who has lately been discharged from the army, and demanded his gun. This the man refused, when some member of the the man refused, when some member of the party put his gun to the man's face and fired. lowing off the side of his face, and scattering his brains in a shocking manner. The matter was reported to General Schofield by the civil authorities, with the assurance that the parties were known and would be arrested. Since that time, nine or ten of them have been arrested by Frederick A. Tull, Esq., the deputy sheriff, and formerly of this county. Only two remain to be arrested, and they have fied from the county. The desperadoes had established a terrorism over both white and black, and breatened death to any one who should inform on them .- Somerset (Md.) Herald.

THE EXPLOSION OF A LOCOMOTIVE .- It has already been stated that the boiler of a rail-road engine exploded on Monday evening, at Glover's Gap, about forty miles this side of Wheeling, killing the conductor and engineer. The name of the conductor was Delany, residing in Wheeling, and that of the engineer, Hobbs, formerly of Sykesville, Ma. The Wheeling Intelligencer says: - Immediate search was made for the missing men, and at a distance of four hundred yards from the exploded engine a pertion of the body of the engineer was found, broken and crushed to a ielly, and that of the conductor some two hun. dred yards nearer the fatal spot, but not se badly mangled. Life, however, was extinct. Fragments of the engineer's body were picked up in all directions within a radius of the greater distance mentioned above, and were all secured, except one foot, which has not been found.

SALB OF COAL-Consequent Reduction in the Price of Fuel.-A despatch from Louisville, Ky., Thursday says: The arrival of eleven thousand bushels of coal from below for the city, which offered to the public at cost price, has caused a decline of Pittsburg coal from sixty to forty cents per bushel to-day. The exbeing at 19 degrees, will probably cause coal to recover its decline to-morrow, and prevent our factories from re-employing their dis-charged workmen, which they designed to do. All other topics are absorbed in the great anxi-ety for a speedy supply of fuel.

St. Louis has another trichina excite. Bayard Taylor is seriously ill at Rome. Chinamen cannot testify in California courts, notwithstanding the Civil Rights bill Theatre, Fexas, is reserved for freedmen. Cincinnati speculators lost \$60,000 by the

impeachmen: report HY WO EST Gen. Kilpatrick proposes to retire from official life next summer and stamp the country for the Republican National candidates. exteen million women." Who wouldn't be a

Chicken cholers is making great ravages among the poultry of Tennessee.

The old wieck of the Merrimack, sunk during the war, has been raised Two women in Unicago got into a fight because one of them called the other a spedestrian." The indignment woman declared

that she had always been respectable.

The operatives of the Littleton (N H.) woolen mills have refused to work for 15 per cent. reduction of their wages, and the mills are stopped until Spring.

In Caston, Himeis, a few days age. a little son of M. Landuder, four or five years of age, outsi pure mischief cut of the forefinger of an infant brother, while the two were in a room nione.

Chicago has mosts.

The Armases they called a circus a Hip-

po Olympiad stames a stad I sentitle Herri all and More than three hundred under a mode of moop. skirte are mondificationed in New X only and thought and thought

THE PRIZE RING. Arrival of O'Baldwin, the Irish Giant, and Jack Hicks, also a Noted Pugilist, from England.

A giant of six feet five yesterday came to New York, no less a character than O'Bald-win, 'he "Irish Giant," who was some time since matched to fight Jem Mace, the champion of England. He was accompanied by one of his compeers, who has also figured in the pugilistic ring. Jack Hicks to wit. These two pugilistic ring. Jack Hicks to wit. These two noted pugilists of the English prize ring arrived in this city yesterday morning by steamer from England, and were received by a delegation from the sporting community of New York, among whom were Joe Coburn, the American champion; flockey Moore, Dooney Harris, Frank McIntire, John Grindell, and others of celebrity. They had a most hospitable reception at all the places they visited.

O'Baldwin comes out to this country to meet Mace, against whom he was matched to fight for the championship of England, but which fight was stopped by the authorities, Mace being put under heavy bonds not to fight in England. The British champion has agreed to meet O'Baldwin in this city, and, it is expected, will arrive in the next steamer. O'Baldwin stands six feet five inches. His first was with Marsden, who defeated the Giant. His next encounter was with George Hee, whom he defeated in fifty-seven rounds. He next fought Marsden again, and defeated him in sixteen minutes. He fought Mace once, and claims that he was robbed out of the fight. He now awaits his arrival in this of the fight. He now awaits his arrival in this

Jack Hicks has quite a reputation as a fight-er, baving met Bendoff in the ring above five weeks ago, and will second O'Baldwin in the forthcoming fight with Mace,-N. Y. Herald.

Detective Baker's Stolen Letter Story. From the Nashville Press and Times, Dec. 6.1 In his remarkable testimony before the Con-gressional Impeachment Committee, Detective L. C. Baker swore that he had seen a letter from Andrew Johnson to Jeff Davis, written while the former was Military Governor of Tenpessee, in which he communicated valuble information to Davis, such as would have subjected any man to banging as a spy; that this "had been taken off Andrew Johnson's table in Nashville," and that Gov. Brownlow had employed a colored man to take it.

Of course nobody believed that Gov. Brown-

low would have ever supported Johnson for Vice President if he had been in possession of this knowledge, but the Union and Dispatch inquired why Gov. Brownlow was silent in regard to the statement. The inquiry has brought out a letter from Col. John Brownlow, of the Knoxville Whig, to the Union and Dispatch, in which he says. By Gov. Brownlow I am directed to state

that he had not seen an account of Baker's testimony until he read it in your issue of to-day. Further, that if Baker made such a statement as is attributed to him, it is wholly false and without foundation. The Governor says he had no knowledge of such a letter as is rehe had no knowledge of such a letter as is referred to, and does not believe that President
Johnson ever wrote a letter to Jeff. Davis or
any one else, giving aid and comfort to the rebellion. He does not believe that Andrew
Johnson's treachery to the Republic antedates
his accession to the Presidency.

The testimony of Baker, as published in several papers, attributes the statement Governor
Brownlow is alleged to have made to one of
his sons. As Gev. B. has but two sons, the
reference is made to myself or my brother.

reference is made to myself or my brother, Capt. Jas P. Brownlow, of the regular army. So far as I am concerned, the statement is an unmitigated and unfounded falsehood. For my brother, who is in Arizona Territory, I feel authorized to make the same statement. Finally, I would express the opinion that any honest jury would convict Baker of per-jury upon his own testimony. By publishing the above you will oblige, yours, very respectfully.

JOHN BROWNLOW,

Editor of the Knoxville Whig.

The Southern Conventions. The Louisiana reconstruction convention adjourned Thursday evening to Monday, to give the committees time to report.

Yesterday a communication was received by the Virginia convention from General Schomembers and officers. A petition was received praying the passage of a homestead law. A motion to lay it on the table was lost—43 to 52 and it was referred. A resolution appointing a committee to memoralize Congress to allow the Freedmen's Bureau, in view of the destritution in the State, to remain until reconstruction is complete. was laid on the table. A colored delegate offered a resolution to appoint a committee to wait on General Schofield, and ask him to remove the present State officers, and failing there, to go to Washington for the same purpose, or procure an amendment to the law so as to empower the convention to remove them—tabled. The resolution, relative to intimidation by disloyal landholders on lovel voters of the Pennshiper tipher and loyal voters of the Republican ticket, and an dment to it relative to the intimidation of

colored voters who voted the Conservative ticket by other colored men, was laid over.

The Georgia Convention yesterday refused to reconsider the relief ordinance adopted Thursday by 84 to 64. A substitute to the re-solution asking the repeal of the cotton tax was adopted, "That the convention do recommend the repeal of the cotton tax, and, if practice ble, the application of the repeal to the present crop. That the convention considers its repeal essential to the continued cultivation of cotton as the great slaple of the country, and as a means of relief to agricultural labor and capi-

tal union." The convention adjourned to Monday. A Bank Messenger Robbed of Over Two Million Dollars.

A bold robbery was perpetrated this morning in Wall street, which must have been planned with great care, and executed by a gang of the most expert thieves. The Clearing House clerk of the Bank of the State of New York, after transacting his morning business at the Clearing House, corner of William and Wall streets, was returning to the Bank, corner of William street and Exchange Place, was attacked in Wall street, and robbed of a bag containing the proceeds of morning exchanges, by two men, who immediately leaped into a sleigh and drove off. The alarm was instantly given, but before pursuit could be made the bold robbers were entirely out of sight. The bank officers state that the robbery occurred about ten o'clock in the morning, in Wall street, near the office of Messrs. Clark, Dodge & Co. The amount taken does not exchecks on the bank, consequently the bank can suffer no loss, even in the event of none of the checks being recovered. It is not known whether the bag contained any cash or not, but as as the balances paid in cash at the Clearing House never exceed \$700, there could not have been over that amounts there could not have been over that amount taken. The checks were being carried by the messenger in a small black leather value, such as those generally used by travelers. The mes-senger, who is a highly respectable young man. was roughly treated by the robbers, who dragged him nearly the length of a block be-fore they could obtain possession of the money. His hand, arm, and back are considerably bruised. After the commission of the robber the perpetrators sprang into a sleigh and drove off at speed. The public are warned to refuse all checks on the Bank of the State of New York, unless acquainted with the parties pre-senting them. - N. Y. Commercial, Dec. 13.

THE BILLIARD CHANPIONSHIP .- The great match played in Montreal, Canada, Thursday, for the championship of the United States and Canada, was won by McDevitt. The greatest interest was felt in the game, and much excitement was manifested. Phelan and many of the billiardist fraternity were present. Toward the close of the game Dion, the champion, had but twelve to make, and McDevitt one hundred and twenty-eight. Dion made a "miscue," when McDevitt ran out the game. spite of the jeers and hooting of the spectators who were almost unanimously on the side of Dion. A large amount of money was staked on the result of the game, which was the American four-ball carom.

NAVIGATION is announced from all quarfrozen; the Welland canal stopped. The rivers of Maine, the Connecticut river, the Upper Mississippi and the upper part of the Hudson are also frozen over, whilst several harbors to the eastward are already closed by ice.

LIBET PRISON. — The ewners of Libby prison have presented a bill to the Quarter-master's Department for the use of that build. ing during the time it was occupied as a mili-

Wiscon-sinners is as good a derivative name as Nash-villians.

Bandy" has succeeded base-ball as a game in Virginia. of New York which proposes to deliver flour of all kinds, on demand, to any family in the city, at the wholesale cost of the carro, with an addition for the expense of wharfage and delivery, which is no case will exceed one dollar per

An unmarried editor of Paris announces that the gay ladies of that fashionable city wear gailers with diamond backles: but how does the editor know?

Richmond, Indiana, has a co-operative grocery encoessful enough to pay a quarterly dividend of four per cent. per week. Building lots have increased in five months from worthlessness to a value of \$1,000

cost of \$1,000,000 Over sixty mites of mains

A paper is to be started in New London.
Conn., next mouth, on the co-operative system.
All who work on it—editors, reporters, printers, and book-heepers—have in vested memory in it.

The proprietors of the nait mills at Weeting an mounce that on and after Mouncy next a reduction of one dollar per use will be made in the wages of boilers, naiture and roll men.

THE BOOK